

EVALUATION  
ONLINE LEARNING  
LINKS WITH OPTIMIZATION AND GAMES  
UNIVERSITÉ PARIS-SACLAY



ADAGRAD-DIAGONAL: STRONGER ADAPTIVITY TO SMOOTHNESS

Let  $d \geq 0$ ,  $f : \mathbb{R}^d \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  a convex function that admits a global minimizer  $x_* \in \mathbb{R}^d$ , in other words

$$f(x_*) = \min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^d} f(x).$$

Let  $M$  be a symmetric positive definite matrix of size  $d$ ,  $L > 0$  and assume that  $f$  is  $L$ -smooth for  $\|\cdot\|_M$ .

1) Prove that for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}^d$ ,

$$\frac{1}{2L} \|\nabla f(x)\|_{M^{-1}}^2 \leq f(x) - f(x_*).$$

2) Let  $\gamma > 0$ ,  $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}^d$  and for  $t \geq 0$ , define  $x_{t+1}$  as

$$x_{t+1,i} = x_{t,i} - \frac{\gamma}{\sqrt{\sum_{s=0}^t g_{s,i}^2}} g_{t,i}, \quad 1 \leq i \leq d, \quad t \geq 0,$$

where  $g_t = \nabla f(x_t)$ , and with convention  $0/0 = 0$ .

Assume that  $M$  is diagonal.

a) Let  $T \geq 0$ . Prove that

$$\sum_{t=0}^T \langle g_t, x_t - x_* \rangle \leq \left( \frac{\max_{0 \leq t \leq T} \|x_t - x_*\|_\infty^2}{2\gamma} + \gamma \right) \sum_{i=1}^d \sqrt{\sum_{t=0}^T g_{t,i}^2}$$

b) For the minimization of  $f$ , derive a guarantee that is adaptive to the smoothness of  $f$  (for  $\|\cdot\|_M$ ).

3) BONUS. — Prove that  $(x_t)_{t \geq 0}$  is bounded.

4) BONUS. — In a context of stochastic smooth convex optimization, derive a guarantee that is adaptive to both smoothness and noise.

